| Name: | Date: |
|-------|-------|
| | |

Spell the Words

Spell the words in the sound boxes. There will not always be a sound to fill in every box in the grid.

<u>quite</u>

fly

<u>stripe</u>

dry

spike

Choose a Syllable Division Strategy

For each word listed below, choose the proper syllable division strategy. Then record the word in the chart and mark how to divide it.

Words: larva, cycle, other, layer, survive, people, within, fuzzy, about, travel

| VC CV rab bit | V C V tilger | VC V c a m e l | V V i o n | C + le t ur t le |
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

Vowel Pattern Sort

Use the chart on page 9 to sort words by vowel patterns.

Words: cycle, butterfly, quite, does, hatch, metamorphosis, form, grows, stage

Did you fill in the chart on page 9? yes no



Day 1, continued

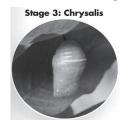
Read and Respond

First, read the text out loud with proper phrasing. Then answer each question in a complete sentence. Underline the evidence for your answers in the text.

During its life, a butterfly changes form, or shape, as it grows. People who know about insects use the word *metamorphosis* when they talk about this change of form. The metamorphosis of a butterfly has four stages, or steps.









1. What is another word for a butterfly's change of form?

Stage I: Egg

Like other insects, a butterfly lays eggs. The little butterfly eggs stick to the underside of leaves. A butterfly can lay more than one hundred eggs at a time! Most of these eggs do not survive. Other insects and birds eat many of them.

Stage 2: Larva

Within three days to two weeks, a *larva* will hatch out of each butterfly egg. A butterfly larva is called a caterpillar... The little caterpillar eats the leaves of the plant it hatched on... The caterpillar sheds its old skin five or six times as it grows bigger and bigger.

| 2. Why do you think butterflies lay so many eggs? | |
|---|----------------|
| | |
| 3. What are three things you learned about butterfly larva? | |
| | |
| | Sol Publishing |

4. Did you underline the evidence in the text?

yes

no



Spell the Words

Spell the words in the sound boxes. There will not always be a sound to fill in every box in the grid.

| spine |
|-------|
| while |
| why |
| sky |
| mile |

Choose a Syllable Division Strategy

For each word listed below, choose the proper syllable division strategy. Then record the word in the chart and mark how to divide it.

Words: little, supply, adult, outer, upside, over, repeat, winter, distance, order

| VC CV rab bit | V C V t i g e r | VC V c a m e l | V V 1 i lo n | C + le + ur + le |
|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| | | | | |
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| | | | | |
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Vowel Pattern Sort

Use the chart on page 9 to sort words by vowel patterns.

Words: lay, survive, stripe, spike, spine, while, by, bite, layer, creep

Did you fill in the chart on page 9? yes no



Day 2, continued

Read and Respond

First, read the text out loud with proper phrasing. Then answer each question in a complete sentence. Underline the evidence for your answers in the text.

Stage 3: Chrysalis

When it is time to change, the caterpillar hangs upside down in a safe spot out of sight. The caterpillar sheds its last layer of skin and grows a shell. This shell is called a *chrysalis*. Inside the chrysalis, the larva changes into an adult insect. If it is cold outside, this stage might last through the winter. If it is warm outside, this stage might only last a short time.

| 1. What happens after a caterpillar sheds its last layer of skin? |
|--|
| |
| |
| 2. Where might you find a chrysalis? Why do you think this? |
| |
| |
| 3. Would the chrysalis stage last longer in the summer or the winter? Why? |
| |
| / Did was an dauling the aviidage as in the tarm? |
| 4. Did you underline the evidence in the text? yes no |
| Text Features |
| 1. What does this text feature help you understand? |
| |
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| |

Reading Series Three: Butterfly Life Cycle Homework Page 4 of 9

Connecting Spelling to Meaning

First, read each example from the book. Next, find the word to be examined in **bold** in the example. Then, write the base word in the "base word" column. After that, write the word sum in the word sum column. Next, circle the pronunciation of the ending. Finally, answer the questions.

| Example from the book | Base word | Word sum | Pronunciation of ending |
|---|-----------|----------|-------------------------|
| A butterfly starts its | | | /s/ /z/ /iz/ |
| life as a caterpillar. Then it changes . | | | /s/ /z/ /iz/ |
| The caterpillar sheds its old skin five or six times as it grows bigger | | | /s/ /z/ /iz/ |
| | | | /s/ /z/ /iz/ |
| The butterfly sits for | | | /s/ /z/ /iz/ |
| a while Then it takes flight into the sky! | | | /s/ /z/ /iz/ |

| Circla | tha car | ect answe | ~ + h ~ + | finishes | + h ~ ~ | antanca. |
|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|----------|
| l IICIE | mecon | ect answe | गाता | IIIIIKHEK | THES | emence. |
| | | | | | | |

| When the suffix −s is added to a verb, it means | o a verb. it means | |
|---|--------------------|--|
|---|--------------------|--|

A. the action is being done by one person, animal, or thing and is happening now

| B. 1 | there | is | more | than | one |
|------|-------|----|------|------|-----|
|------|-------|----|------|------|-----|

| 2. | When | the | suffix · | -s is | added | to | a vert | , it | means | | |
|----|------|-----|----------|-------|-------|----|--------|------|-------|--|--|
|----|------|-----|----------|-------|-------|----|--------|------|-------|--|--|

- A. there is more than one
- B. the action is being done by one person, animal, or thing and is happening now

Vowel Pattern Sort

Use the chart on page 9 to sort words by vowel patterns.

Words: dry, warmer, glossary, outer, pupa, repeat, newly, process, develop

Did you fill in the chart on page 9? yes no



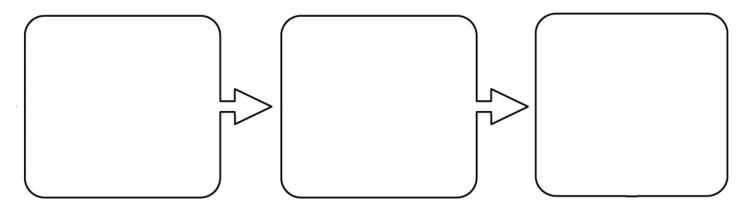
Day 3, continued

Read and Record

First, read the text out loud with proper phrasing. Then, record the sequence of events in stage 4.

Stage 4: Butterfly

When it is time, the chrysalis cracks and a butterfly creeps from it. The butterfly sits for a while to let its wings dry. Then it takes flight into the sky! The butterfly is an insect that it on the move.



Read and Respond

First, read the text out loud with proper phrasing. Then, answer the question and underline the evidence in the text.

Why does a butterfly fly long distances?

It might need to go to a place where it is warmer in the winter. It might need to seek out a mate. It might need to fly to a safe place to lay its eggs.

The Full Cycle

When the butterfly gets to the right place, it will lay its eggs. Then stage one of the metamorphosis begins again.

| 1. What is one reason that a butterfly might fly long distances? | |
|--|---|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | ed Publishing |
| 2. Did you underline the evidence in the text? yes no | Reading Series Three: Butterfly Life Cycle Homework Page 6 of 9 |

Word-Reading Fluency

Read each row of words from left to right. Then read each column of words from top to bottom.

| life | cry | mile | sky | spine |
|--------|-----------|-------|--------|--------|
| flying | quite | five | while | sly |
| dive | butterfly | time | like | upside |
| supply | bite | dry | stripe | fly |
| inside | try | slide | why | spike |

| Choose one word from the list and write a complete sentence using that word. |
|---|
| |
| |
| Determine the Author's Purpose Think about why the outhor might have written this informational toyt. Then, answer each question |
| Think about why the author might have written this informational text. Then, answer each question. |
| 1. In my opinion, the author's purpose for writing this informational text was |
| |
| |
| 2. I think this because |
| |
| |
| |
| |



Think and Write

| Describe the life cycle of a different insect or animal that you loutterfly life cycle or different? | know about. Are the stages similar to a |
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| | (Publis/12) |
| | sed Publishings |
| | Pending Series Three: |
| | Reading Series Three: Butterfly Life Cycle |

Vowel Pattern Sort

Day 1 Words: cycle, butterfly, quite, does, hatch, metamorphosis, form, grows, stage

Day 2 Words: lay, survive, stripe, spike, spine, while, by, bite, layer, creep

Day 3 Words: dry, warmer, glossary, outer, pupa, repeat, newly, process, develop



Reading Series Three: Butterfly Life Cycle Homework Page 9 of 9

| Irregular Pronunciations | | | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Vowel Team Syllable VV | Digraph Vowel Team | Other VV Spelling Patterns | |
| Consonant-le | Syladie C + le | | |
| Bossy-r Syllable Vr | | | |
| Closed Syllable Silent <i>e</i> Syllable VC | | | |
| Closed Syllable VC | | | |
| Open Syllable V | | | |